

# NATIONAL CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE

# **2024 LEGISLATION DOCKET**

#### NATIONAL MIDDLE SCHOOL SPEECH & DEBATE TOURNAMENT

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### 2024 MIDDLE SCHOOL CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE LEGISLATION

## PRELIMINARY ROUND LEGISLATION



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#### A Bill to End Seed Patent Protections

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- SECTION 1. The US federal government will end the practice of granting intellectual property rights
   protections, including patents, trademarks, and copyrights, for seeds, seed DNA strands,
   transgenic seed organisms, and seed biomes.
- 5 SECTION 2. The US Department of Agriculture, along with the Office of the US Trade Representative,
  6 will oversee the following provisions.
- A. Existing patent protections will be allowed to expire at the end of the patent period
  with the following exceptions:
  - Farmers will be allowed to germinate seeds for replanting from existing crops without paying patent holders fees for those seeds.
  - Natural cross-pollination of DNA in crops will no longer be considered patent violations.
- 13B.Any seed patents issued between the passage of this legislation and its14implementation date will be limited to 10 years.
- C. The Office of the US Trade Representative will lobby the World Trade Organization to
   remove seed patent protections from the TRIPS (Trade-Related Aspects of
   International Property Rights) Agreement.
- SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with this legislation
   are hereby declared null and void.



#### A Bill Requiring Employers to Provide Employees with Paid Parental Leave

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1.** All employers shall provide all employees with paid parental leave, regardless of gender.
- SECTION 2. The minimum amount of parental leave provided by an employer shall be 12 weeks for any
   employee who has been employed for a minimum of one year. Parental leave is defined as
   time taken off by someone who is a guardian to a minor. It can be taken any time after an
   employee has become a parent/guardian, and can be taken up to 1 month before the end
   of a pregnancy, finalization of an adoption, or foster care placement.
- SECTION 3. The Bureau of Labor will oversee regulation of this policy in ensuring that employers are
   providing this benefit to their employees. Furthermore, the IRS will oversee the regulation
   of business taxes for the purpose of creating a fund to be utilized by smaller businesses. For
- 11 companies that make less than 2 million in annual revenue, 0.5% of tax dollars will go into a
- 12 fund that these companies can use to compensate their employees on parent leave.
- Companies who make more than \$2 million will be responsible for paying their employees'
  parental leave.
- 15 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2025.
- 16 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



#### A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Abolish the Federal Income Tax

1	RESOLVED,	By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the following article is proposed as an
2		amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to all intents and
3		purposes as part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of
4		the several states within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:
5		ARTICLE
6	SECTION 1.	The Sixteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution is hereby repealed.
7	SECTION 2.	The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.



#### A Bill to Abolish Gifted and Talented Programs to Embolden Opportunities for Equal Education

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States shall hereby prohibit the usage of Gifted and Talented programs in all
3		public-school districts. All grants previously gifted to state educational agencies (SEAs) and
4		local educational agencies (LEAs) concerning Gifted and Talented programs shall be
5		remarked as funding for SEAs and LEAs to use as needed to address critical infrastructure.
6	SECTION 2.	"Gifted and Talented programs" shall be defined as curricular programs that distinguish
7		group(s) of students as high performing relative to other students. This includes all
8		programs previously defined by the Jacob K. Javits Gifted & Talented Student Education Act
9		of 1988.
10	SECTION 3.	The Department of Education and the Well-Rounded Education Programs Office shall
11		oversee implementation of this legislation in the following ways:
12		A. The Department of Education shall identify school districts in non-compliance with this
13		legislation and reduce the federal funding these school districts receive by ten percent
14		each year until all federal funding has been eliminated.
15		B. The Well-Rounded Education Programs Office shall reroute funding for research
16		associated with Gifted and Talented programs toward funding general elementary
17		education research.
18	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on August 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with this legislation are
19		hereby declared null and void.



#### A Bill to Protect Student Literacy

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: 1 2 **SECTION 1.** State governments shall revoke legislation, or not create legislation, that bans any book 3 from school libraries. 4 SECTION 2. Banning books shall include the removal or censorship of material for reasons including but 5 not limited to the material containing content that is violent, offensive, and/or sexual. 6 SECTION 3. The Department of Education will work with state governments for the implementation of 7 this bill. 8 Any state that complies with this legislation will see a 20% increase in federal funding Α. 9 of said state's education budget. Β. The funding of this bill will come from the U.S. Department of Education. 10 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2025. 11 12 SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



#### A Bill to Replace Traditional Teaching Methods with AI-Powered Education to Support Teachers and Students

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	This legislation will advance the school system by replacing traditional teaching methods
3		with AI-powered education. Implantation will support the future of students and teachers
4		while improving essential jobs during a nationwide teacher shortage. The bill does not
5		replace teachers, as they will still be necessary in classrooms, but instead offers them
6		lesson plan support and more one-on-one time with students.
7	SECTION 2.	Traditional teaching methods are defined as one-size-fits-all lectures, paper tests/readings,
8		repetition, memorization, and little development of critical thinking, problem-solving, and
9		decision-making skills. AI-powered education is defined as an analysis of student learning
10		styles, strengths, and weaknesses to create a tailored lesson plan and suggest resources to
11		serve their individual needs. Additionally, AI-powered education will assist teachers quickly
12		through areas like individualization and feedback.
13	SECTION 3.	The Department of Education will oversee enforcement by establishing policies to regulate
14		Al use to maximize Al use without misuse.
15		A. Misuse is defined as the risk of becoming overly reliant on AI-driven technology.
16		B. The White House Office of Science and Technology (OSTP) will head the creation of an
17		AI-powered teaching system alongside oversight of the U.S. Federal Trade
18		Commission, Department of Justice, Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, and Equal
19		Employment Opportunity Commission.
20		C. The U.S. Federal Trade Commission, Department of Justice, Consumer Financial
21		Protection Bureau, and Equal Employment Opportunity Commission shall regulate AI
22		to ensure better fairness, equality, and justice in AI systems. It will collaborate with
23		the Department of Education to ensure those qualities within schools. Additionally, 4
24		billion dollars will be funded as an investment by the Department of Education which
25		has over 271 billion dollars in funding.
26	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2025.
27	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



#### A Bill to Admit Guam as the 51st U.S. State

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: 1 2 SECTION 1. Guam shall be admitted into the United States as a state and be on equal footing with 3 other states in all respects. 4 SECTION 2. The State of Guam shall consist of all islands and territorial waters presently under the 5 jurisdiction of the territory of Guam. 6 SECTION 3. The Federal Election Commission (FEC) and Congress shall oversee implementation of this 7 legislation. 8 A. The FEC shall allocate 2 Senate seats and 3 Electors to Guam. Additionally, Guam's 9 current non-voting delegate in the House of Representatives shall be given voting 10 status. B. Congress shall approve the state constitution proposed by the Legislature of Guam and 11 delegate all other matters of implementation to the appropriate government agency. 12 SECTION 4. This legislation shall immediately go into effect. All laws in conflict with this legislation are 13 hereby declared null and void. 14



#### A Bill to Ensure Sufficient Nurse Staffing

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) is amended to establish direct care
3		registered nurse-to-patient staffing ratio requirements, and a nursing program grant of
4		\$250 million shall be established.
5	SECTION 2.	A sustainable direct care registered nurse-patient ratio as outlined in the subsections below
6		shall be required.
7		a. 1-to-1 in operating rooms
8		b. 1-to-2 in intensive care, labor and delivery, ICU patients in the ER, and neonatal care
9		c. 1-to-3 in step down
10		d. 1-to-4 in emergency rooms, postpartum/antepartum, and telemetry units
11		e. 1-to-5 in medical-surgical units
12		f. 1-to-6 in postpartum (women only) and psychiatry units
13	SECTION 3.	The United States Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) and the Occupational
14		Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) shall oversee the enforcement of this legislation.
15		a. OSHA shall be able to enforce administrative fines of up to \$50,000 under non-
16		compliance with this legislation.
17	SECTION 4.	Effective Dates:
18		a. The requirements under section 2 shall take effect 2 years after the date of the
19		enactment of this title and in the case of a hospital in a rural area (as defined in section
20		1886(d)(2)(D) of the Social Security Act), 4 years after the date of the enactment of this
21		title.
22		b. The nursing program grant shall take effect 6 months after the date of the enactment
23		of this title.
24	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



#### A Bill to Impose Fees on Remittance Transfers to Fund Immigration Reform

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	A fee equal to 10 percent of the United States dollar amount shall be imposed on the
3		sender of all remittance transfers.
4	SECTION 2.	"Remittance transfer" shall be defined as a sum of money sent by someone working abroad
5		to their family back home.
6	SECTION 3.	The Department of Treasury, in conjunction with the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau
7		and remittance transfer providers, shall develop and make available a system for
8		remittance transfer providers to submit the remittance transfer fees collected in
9		accordance with section 3344(b) of title 31, United States Code. The funds collected shall
10		be allocated to the annual budget of the Department of Homeland Security in order to fund
11		immigration reform, which includes but is not limited to border security and addressing
12		court backlog.
13	SECTION 4.	This legislation will go into effect on January 1, 2025. All other laws in conflict with this
14		legislation are hereby declared null and void.



#### A Bill to Ban Homeowner Associations

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1.** All Homeowner Associations (HOAs) are hereby banned.
- 3 SECTION 2. "Homeowner Associations (HOAs)" will be defined as an organization in a subdivision,
- 4 planned community, or condominium building that makes and enforces rules for the
  5 properties and residents.
- SECTION 3. The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development will oversee the
   implementation of this bill.
- A. Any person that starts a Homeowner Association (HOA) will be charged with a fine up
  to five-thousand dollars (\$5,000).
- 10 B. The Department of Justice will oversee "Section Three (3)" of this legislation.
- 11 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025.
- 12 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.





### 2024 MIDDLE SCHOOL CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE LEGISLATION

## **SEMIFINAL LEGISLATION**



#### A Bill to Require Speed Limiting Devices in All Motor Vehicles

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The Secretary of Transportation shall, in accordance with 49 U.S.C. § 30111 (a), require all
3		new motor vehicles produced and/or sold in the United States to feature an intelligent
4		speed assistance device.
5	SECTION 2.	The following definitions shall apply:
6		1. "Motor vehicle" shall be defined in accordance with 49 U.S.C. § 30102 (7).
7		2. "Intelligent speed assistance device" (or "speed limiter") shall be defined as a device
8		which utilizes technology to cap the speed of a motor vehicle at five miles per hour
9		more than the speed limit in a specific zone.
10		3. This technology shall allow for slight acceleration past the speed limit, if necessary,
11		based on applicable traffic conditions.
12	SECTION 3.	The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration shall enforce all sections of this
13		legislation.
14		A. The Attorney General may bring a civil action against a vehicle manufacturer found to
15		be in violation of the above sections in a United States District Court in compliance with
16		49 U.S.C. § 30163.
17		B. The Secretary of Transportation shall prepare a report regarding the impact of the
18		above sections one year after they shall have become law. The same report shall be
19		transmitted to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of
20		Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the
21		United States Senate.
22	SECTION 4.	This legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with this legislation
23		are hereby declared null and void.



#### The Fiber-optic Access and Broadband Deployment for High-speed Internet and Lifelines Act

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States Federal Government shall allocate a total of \$20 billion toward Internet
3		Service Providers (ISPs) annually to create reliable broadband services in underserved and
4		rural areas.
5	SECTION 2.	A. An "underserved" and "rural area" shall be defined as an area where available internet
6		services do not meet the Federal Communications Commission's (FCC) broadband
7		standards.
8		B. "Reliable broadband services" shall offer both minimum download and upload speeds of
9		at least 25 megabits per second (Mbps).
10	SECTION 3.	The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) shall oversee the implementation of this
11		legislation.
12		A. All funds from existing NASA satellite programs along with additional funding by the
13		FCC will be redirected to Internet Service Providers (ISPs)
14		B. The FCC will conduct audits every three years to ensure proper and effective use of the
15		allocated funds.
16	SECTION 4.	This legislation shall take effect at the start of Fiscal Year 2025. All laws in conflict with this
17		legislation are hereby declared null and void.



#### The National Railroad Support Act of 2024

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- SECTION 1. Congress shall invest \$100 billion into both creating new high-speed railroads as well as
   maintaining all pre-existing railroads.
- SECTION 2. Railroads are defined as a track or set of tracks made of steel rails along which passenger
   and freight trains run. Traditional Railroads are defined as any railroads that are not high speed.
- SECTION 3. The Federal Railway Administration (FRA) and the Federal Department of Transportation
   (DOT) will oversee enforcement.
- 9 A. Funding shall come from a 5% tax on diesel sales, a 5% tax on No.6 fuel oils, and a 5%
  10 tax on Airline ticket sales. Any additional funding required shall generously be provided
  11 by the U.S. Department of Defense.
- 12B. The FRA and DOT must submit a plan of action detailing the location of railways they13will construct as well as which sections of pre-existing railways they will maintain to14Congress within 6 months of this legislation taking effect. The plan will emphasize15maintaining high-speed and traditional railroads first and then constructing new16railroads second.
- C. Newly created railroads must be able to withstand high-speed passenger trains
   traveling above 180 miles/hour.
- SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect at the start of the Fiscal Year 2025. All laws in conflict with
   this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



#### A Bill to Institute a Vegan Diet in Primary and Secondary Schools

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:
- SECTION 1 Any primary or secondary schools that receive any amount of federal funding are hereby
   required to adhere to the principles of veganism in the foods and beverages they serve to
   students. That is, they may no longer serve any foods or beverages that were sourced from
   animals, namely meat, dairy, and eggs. Non-federally funded schools are encouraged to
   follow suit as well.
- SECTION 2. Any school or district that is found out of compliance with this legislation shall lose 50% of
   its federal funding until such time as compliance is reached.
- 9 SECTION 3. This legislation shall be jointly overseen by the National School Lunch Program and the
   10 Department of Education.
- 11 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect on July 1, 2025.
- 12 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.





### 2024 MIDDLE SCHOOL CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE LEGISLATION

## **FINALS LEGISLATION**



#### A Resolution to Oppose Oppressive Voter ID Laws

1	WHEREAS	Voter ID Laws are used in many states to restrict the right to vote "to those who can show
2		appropriate picture identification;" and
3	WHEREAS	This identification can often be difficult or expensive to obtain; and
4	WHEREAS	Those impacted by these laws are disproportionately people of color; and
5	WHEREAS	These laws limit the ability of all people to participate in the democratic process; and
6	WHEREAS	A democracy is supposed to be a government for, by, and of the people; and
7	WHEREAS	Representation cannot effectively occur if individuals are unjustly silenced; now, therefore,
8		be it
9	RESOLVED	By the Congress here assembled that we reject all oppressive voter identification laws in
10		the United States.



#### A Bill to Set an Age Limit on the Purchase of Energy Drinks

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:
- 2 **SECTION 1.** The sale of energy drinks to any persons under the age of 21 is hereby banned.
- SECTION 2. Energy drinks are defined as any beverage containing more than 150 milligrams of caffeine
   per liter.
- 5 **SECTION 3.** All states and territories as well as the Federal District are instructed to levy the same
- 6 criminal penalties on violators of this law as would be applied for the sale of alcohol to
- 7 minors in that jurisdiction. Any jurisdiction that fails to comply with this directive shall lose
- 8 50% of federal highway funding until such time as compliance is reached.
- 9 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall be overseen by the Food and Drug Administration.
- 10 **SECTION 5.** This legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2025.
- 11 **SECTION 6.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



#### A Bill to Mandate Compassionate Family Seating on Airplanes

- BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED: 1 2 **SECTION 1.** No commercial airline may sell tickets to a family unit and charge extra to seat that family 3 unit in adjacent seating, presuming sufficient adjacent seats are available at the time the tickets are purchased. 4 5 **SECTION 2.** A family unit is defined as one or more parents or legal guardians traveling with one or 6 more of their legal dependent children who are under the age of 16. Adjacent seating is 7 defined as seating that is in the same row and unseparated by other seats or an aisle. If the 8 size of a family unit exceeds the number of truly adjacent seats available on the airplane 9 (whether due to the seating arrangements of the aircraft or to certain seats already having been sold), the definition of adjacency shall be expanded to allow an airline to seat a family 10 unit across one or more aisles from one another or in seats that are directly in front 11 of/behind one another but in separate rows. 12 13 **SECTION 3.** Any airline that is found to have violated this legislation shall be ordered to refund double the entire cost of the itinerary to the affected family unit. 14 SECTION 4. This legislation shall be overseen by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA). 15 16 **SECTION 5.** This legislation shall take effect on July 1, 2025.
- 17 **SECTION 6.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



#### A Resolution to Discourage Social Media Use Among Elected Officials

1	WHEREAS	Politicians at all levels have become over reliant on social media to argue and communicate
2		policy proposals online to niche audiences and platforms; and
3	WHEREAS	Disruption in the social media space among Twitter, Facebook, TikTok, and other
4		prominent social media platforms has made credibility and trust a matter of public
5		concern; and
6	WHEREAS	The lack of fact-checking and mediation among nearly all social media platforms have
7		become inconsistent with the virtues of open communication with the public; and
8	WHEREAS	Political figures of all types spend disproportionate time on social media platforms, either
9		by themselves or their designees, time that could be better spent governing and
10		communicating through other channels; and
11	WHEREAS	Members of this Congress have proposed to ban TikTok from all government phones due to
12		concerns over data privacy; therefore be it
13	RESOLVED	by the Congress here assembled that all holders of political office (federal, state, county,
14		municipal, and local) remove social media apps from their phones; and
15	FURTHER RI	<b>ESOLVED</b> that Congressional and other political leaders will vow to discontinue their use
16		of public social media accounts so that public deliberation, policy implementation, and
17		enforcement no longer take place online but are a part of public debate on the floors of
18		their respective legislative bodies only.